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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/706,617	11/12/2003	Shinya Wada	SCEP 20.732 (100809-00225	5866
	7590	EXAMINER		
575 MADISON		TIMBLIN, ROBERT M		
NEW YORK, N	NY 10022-2383		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2167	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/13/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/706,617	WADA, SHINYA		
Examiner	Art Unit		
ROBERT TIMBLIN	2167		

	ROBERT TIMBLIN	2167	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>07 May 2010</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR AL	LOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appelication (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of A replies: (1) an amendment, affidavited al (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires <u>5</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1: ension and the corresponding amount on hortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
NOTICE OF APPEAL 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS			
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, to (a) They raise new issues that would require further core (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or	nsideration and/or search (see NOT w);	E below);	
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> . (See 37 CFR 1.1		ected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	21. See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).
 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s). Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 		imely filed amendmer	nt canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prove The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1-16 and 20-26. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		l be entered and an e:	xplanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea vand was not earlier presented. Se	ll and/or appellant fails ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	s to provide a).
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13. ☐ Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/John R. Cottingham/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2167	/ROBERT_TIMBLIN/ Examiner, Art Unit 2167		

Continuation of 3. NOTE:

Claims 1, 10, 12, 14, and 20-22 have been amended to now recite that the value of the attribute of the file is represented as a physical weight and a density and exerting a virtual buoyant force on the object. The addition of "a density" and exerting a virtual buoyant force alters the scope of claims 1, 10, 12, 14, and 20-22 and would require further consideration and/or search.

Applicant argues on page 17 of the submitted remarks that there is no teaching in Brosnan relating to a static display position based on a non-physical attribute. Examiner initially disagrees because Brosnan calculates position of game objects based on their properties. Therefore, Brosnan's display positions are based on the properties of gaming objects (e.g. a non-physical object) and accordingly, these properties are seen as "non-physical attributes". In other words, these are properties of a virtual object (i.e. a gaming object) and thus they are "non-physical". Further, Brosnan teaches setting the initial state (e.g. a static display) using specified properties of the game object (Brosnan, 0138). These properties are selected from a database of positions and velocities. Examiner submits that at least the position of the gaming object can be seen as a non-physical property because the position is virtual coordinates in a non-physical gaming environment

Examiner further notes that the combination of Bjorn and Brosnan do teach non-physical attributes as taught in Bjorn (e.g. see cited portions specified in the FInal Office Action dated 12/15/2009). Therein, display positions of a virtual object are based upon their attributes (e.g. user specified settings) and accordingly are set to non-physical attributes. In the combination with both Brosnan and Bjorn displaying objects based on their attributes, Brosnan provides further methods to describe the motion of an object to give a more user friendly interactive system as well as assisting to mimick the metaphor of the physical world.

Additionally, Applicant's arguments have respectfully been found unpersuasive as Brosnan has been argued against individually rather in combination with Bjorn. Therefore, [One] cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., Inc., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986) (MPEP 2145 IV).